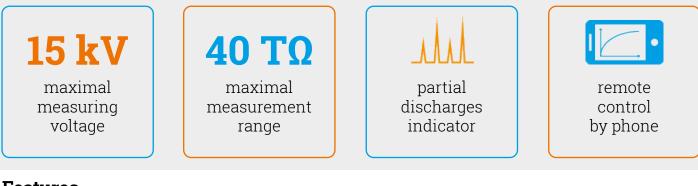






# Insulation analysis within wide range



#### Features

- Partial discharge indicator PDI.
- Diagnostics of insulation systems based on standard measurements of IR, DAR, PI, SV, RT, DD.
- It allows testing the electrical durability of the tested object breakdown voltage indication.
- High resistance to electromagnetic interferences guarantees uninterrupted work in power stations and in close proximity to high voltage transmission lines up to **1200 kV AC** and **500 kV DC**.
- The function of smooth voltage rise in time (RT Ramp Test) allows to state the partial discharges in the facility and to carry out a partial location of their occurrence.
- Efficient converter with a **power of ~150 W** that enables insulation burnout, allowing for pinpointing the location of cables and wires short circuit using one of the following:
  - visual method (if power cables are visible along the entire length),
  - reflectometric methods, seismic-acoustic waves detector, or with A-frame to indicate direction of the fault (the conductor must be buried in the ground with earth direct contact).
- Compatible with external software.



**Professional diagnostic tool** 



For the most harsh operating conditions





Static and dynamic memory of measurements

# Application

MIC-15k1 meter is designed to measure insulation resistance of power objects, i.e.:

- single- and multicore cables,
- transformers,
- motors and generators,

• capacitors, switches and other devices installed in power stations.

It is especially recommended for measurements in areas with very high electromagnetic disturbances, e.g. electrical substations with **1200 kV AC** and **500 kV DC**. Thanks to the 15 kV measuring voltage (in accordance with ANSI / NETA ATS-2009 TABLES 100.1) the meter can be used for measuring objects with a nominal voltage above 34.5 kV.

# Capabilities of the device

Highly efficient HV inverter, with test voltage of 15 kV and current up to 10 mA,

suitable for measuring the insulation resistance **up to 40 T** $\Omega$ . Achieving such a result makes these meters unrivalled devices. Three-wire resistance measurement, performed using a "GUARD" wire, eliminates surface leakage currents caused by contaminated insulation, thereby increasing the reliability of obtained results.

The meter indicates the Dielectric Absorption Ratio **DAR**, Polarization Index **PI** and the value of Dielectric Discharge **DD**.

The device allows user to assess the condition of the insulation, by applying the test voltage incrementally in steps (SV - Step Volatge) or smoothly (RampTest - RT).

- SV method ensures that a dielectric in good condition will provide the same results, regardless of the applied voltage.
- RT method allows to determine the characteristics of the insulating material. The meter smoothly increases the measuring voltage without exposing the object to so-called electrical stress. It records the time and voltage value at which the electrical breakdown of the insulation took place.

Built-in **digital filters**, with averaging time of 10, 30, 60, 100, 200 sec. guarantee stable measurement results in areas of strong electromagnetic interference.

#### Burnout

A very useful solution is the function that allows to Burnout the damaged object. In case of **exposed cables**, it enables **visual identification** of the fault location. In the case of shielded cables, the method allows to generate a **seismic-acoustic wave** from the place of damage.

In special conditions, an energetic discharge will appear cyclically. By using the geophone it will be possible to precisely pinpoint the place where such a discharge occurs.

Burnout feature allows also locating transient faults (appearing, for example, only during rainfall) with the support of reflectometry, and in case of a short circuit (of a screen or return wire) to the ground - applying the method of measuring voltage drop (the A-frame).

### Autosaving the measurement results

The device automatically saves the measurement results. The number of autosave points depends on the amount of data, which is saved within the main memory.

#### Data analysis



The **Sonel MIC Mobile** mobile app allows to observe the results during the measurement. The application can generate real-time graphs in various configurations. This allows to evaluate the condition of the object already during the tests.

The option of remote start and stop of the measurement is particularly **useful**. Thanks to it, the tests can be carried out remotely, eg. from a different room or inside the car, when there are difficult weather conditions for the user. Using the phone GPS, it is possible to precisely determine the place of measurement.



Thanks to the mobile application and the **Sonel Reader** software, the user can store previous measurements data and compare them with current results transferred from the meter's extensive memory. This solution allows to prepare a measurement report, track the progress of insulation degradation and plan renovation works.



#### Insulation resistance measurement —

Measuring range according to IEC 61557-2  $U_N = 15\ 000\ V: 50\ k\Omega...40.0\ T\Omega$ Measurement with DC and increasing voltage (SV) for  $U_{reo} = 5\ kV$ 

Accuracy	Resolution	Range				
	1 kΩ	0999 kΩ				
	0.01 MΩ	1.009.99 MΩ				
	0.1 MΩ	10.099.9 MΩ				
±(3% m.v. + 10 digits)	1 ΜΩ	100999 MΩ				
	0.01 GΩ	1.009.99 GΩ				
	0.1 GΩ	10099.9 GΩ				
±(3.5% m.v. + 10 digits)	1 GΩ	100999 GΩ				
±(7.5% m.v. + 10 digits)	0.01 ΤΩ	1.009.99 ΤΩ				
	0.1 TO	10.020.0 ΤΩ				
±(12.5% m.v. + 10 digits)	0.1 ΤΩ	10.040.0 ΤΩ				

Ranges of measured resistance depending on the test voltage

	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Voltage U <sub>iso</sub>	Measuring range
50 V	200 GΩ
100 V	400 GΩ
250 V	1.00 ΤΩ
500 V	2.00 ΤΩ
1000 V	4.00 ΤΩ
2500 V	10.00 ΤΩ
5000 V	20.0 ΤΩ
10 000 V	40.0 ΤΩ
15 000 V	40.0 ΤΩ

Capacitance measurement -

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0999 nF	1 nF	±(5% m.v. + 5 digits)
1.0049.99 µF	0.01 µF	$\pm (5\% \text{ m.v.} \pm 5 \text{ digits})$

Displaying measured capacity after R<sub>ISO</sub> measurement

For measurement voltages below 100 V the measurement error is not specified

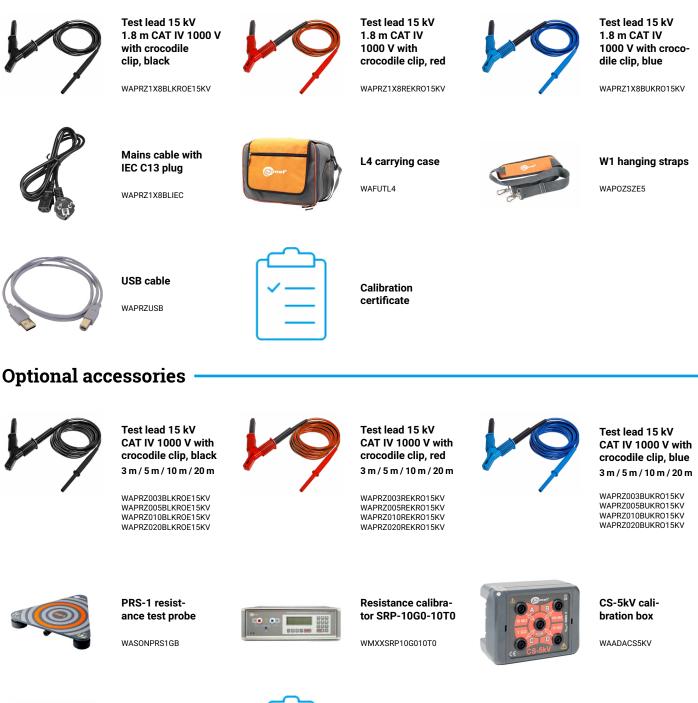
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## **Technical specification**

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type of insulation acc. to EN 61010-1 and IEC 61557	double
measurement category acc. to EN 61010-1	IV 1000 V (operating altitude ≤2000 m) IV 600 V (operating altitude ≤3000 m)
ingress protection acc. to EN 60529	IP67 (IP40 for closed case)
resistance to external interference voltages	up to 1550 V
resistance to external interference currents	up to 10 mA
advanced, digital filtering of interferences	10 / 30 / 60 / 100 / 200 seconds
test leads lock	yes
power supply	Li-Ion 14.8 V rechargeable battery from network 90 V $\div$ 260 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz
dimensions	390 x 308 x 172 mm
weight	ca. 6.3 kg
storage temperature	-25°C+70°C
operating temperature	-20°C+50°C
humidity	20%90%
operating altitude	≤3000 m
reference temperature	+23°C ± 2°C
reference humidity	40%60%
display	graphical LCD
number of R <sub>iso</sub> measurements with battery power supply	min. 1000 acc. to EN 61557-2
data transmission	USB and Bluetooth
quality standard	ISO 9001 compliant
device meets the requirements of standards	EN 61010-1 and IEC 61557
the product meets EMC requirements (immunity for industrial environment)	with accordance to standards EN 61326-1 and EN 61326-2-2

## **Standard accessories**





PC software: Sonel Reader WAPROREADER



Calibration certificate issued by an accredited laboratory

Please see available applications with "Virtual Instruments Applications". They allow to check the functions of the meter and its interface before the purchase. Application user may set changes in device settings and perform all possible measurements as in reality.

https://www.sonel.pl/en/virtual-instrument-applications

Times of charging and discharging the tested object at measuring voltage of 1.05 $\mathbf{U}_{_{\rm ISO}}$
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Meter	Measuring voltage		Capacitance	Charg	jing the object	Discharging the object	
weter	5 kV	10 kV	15 kV	[μF]	Current [mA]	Maximal time [s]	down to voltage of 50 V [s]
MIC-5005 / MIC-5010	√			1	1.2	4.3	0.4
MIC-5005 / MIC-5010	v			I	3	1.7	
MIC-5050	V			1	1.2	4.3	0.4
					3	1.7	
					6	0.8	
					1.2	4.3	
	$\checkmark$			1	3	1.7	0.9
MIC 1011					6	0.8	
MIC-10k1					1.2	8.7	
		$\checkmark$		1	3	3.5	1.0
					6	1.7	
					1.2	4.3	
	$\checkmark$			1	3	1.7	
					5	1.0	1.1
					7	0.7	
					10	0.5	
					1.2	8.7	
MIC-15k1			√	1	3	3.5	
		$\checkmark$			5	2.1	1.3
					7	1.5	
				10	1.0		
					1.2	13.1	1.4
					3	5.2	
			$\checkmark$	1	5	3.1	
					7	2.2	
					10	1.5	

Times of charging and discharging the tested object at measuring voltage of 1.025  $U_{_{\rm ISO}}$  ———

Meter	Measuring voltage		Capacitance	Charg	jing the object	Discharging the object			
	5 kV		15 kV	[μF]	Current [mA]	Maximal time [s]	down to voltage of 50 V [s		
MIC-5005 / MIC-5010	,				1.2	4.2	0.4		
	√			1	3	1.7	0.4		
MIC-5050	V			1	1.2	4.2			
					3	1.7	0.4		
					6	0.8			
					1.2	4.2			
	$\checkmark$			1	3	1.7	0.9		
					6	0.8			
MIC-10k1					1.2	8.5			
		$\checkmark$		1	3	3.4	1.0		
					6	1.7			
					1.2	4.2			
	V						3	1.7	
				1	5	1.0	1.1		
					7	0.7			
					10	0.5			
	V				1.2	8.5			
MIC-15k1			3	3.4					
		$\checkmark$		1	5	2.0	1.3		
					7	1.4			
					10	1.0			
				1	1.2	12.8	1.4		
					3	5.1			
			$\checkmark$		5	3.0			
					7	2.1			
					10	1.5			

